

STATUTE OF THE SPORTS SOCIETY “EXTREME SPORTS”

Free / non-certified translation from the Serbian original

Prepared for information and administrative use. The Serbian-language signed Statute remains the authoritative source document.

On the basis of the Sports Act of the Republic of Serbia (Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia, No. 10/2016) and the 2022 Statute of the Sports Society “Extreme Sports”, the Extraordinary Assembly of the Sports Society “Extreme Sports”, at its session held on 30 March 2023, adopted an amendment to the objectives of the Society by adding sport and the field of tourism in Article 9.

I. BASIC PROVISIONS

Article 1

The Sports Society “EXTREME SPORTS” (hereinafter: the Sports Society) is a voluntary, non-governmental, non-political and non-profit sports organisation, established as an association for the organised practice of sports registered with the Serbian Business Registers Agency (APR), namely: EXTREME SPORTS, AIR SPORTS, WATER AND UNDERWATER SPORTS, MOUNTAINEERING and CYCLING.

1. Name and registered office of the Sports Society

Article 2

The name of the Sports Society is: Sports Society “EXTREME SPORTS”.

The Sports Society has no abbreviated Serbian-language name. The source Statute explains that the letter X, internationally used as a symbol for extreme sport, does not exist as such in the Serbian Cyrillic alphabet and that the registered name may not simply be written in Latin script.

The registered office of the Sports Society is in Arilje, at 20 Svetog Ahilija Street.

The registered name of the Sports Society in English is: SPORT UNION “EXTREME SPORTS”. The source Statute notes that this wording is not considered syntactically ideal and refers to the common English expression “X SPORTS”.

The source Statute also comments on possible meanings of the English word “extreme” outside sport and clarifies that the Society does not identify with extremist groups or persons.

In business correspondence and public appearances, the Sports Society states its registered office together with its name.

The name is used in legal transactions in the form in which it is entered in the competent Register.

On the basis of a sponsorship agreement, the Managing Board may decide to add a sponsor name to the name of the Sports Society, provided that the basic name from paragraph 1 of this Article is retained.

The Managing Board determines the address at which the registered office of the Sports Society is located.

2. Legal status

Article 3

The Sports Society is a sports association, i.e. a legal entity with the rights, obligations and responsibilities prescribed by law and by this Statute.

The Sports Society pursues its objectives in the fields of sport and tourism, including sports-recreational tourism and the promotion of the tourism offer through indoor and outdoor sports activities carried out in Serbia and abroad.

3. Seal, emblem, flag and colours

Article 4

The Sports Society has a circular seal, 31 mm in diameter, bearing in Cyrillic the name of the Society, the place of registration, the registration number with the competent sports authority of the Republic of Serbia, and the emblem.

The Sports Society also has a rectangular stamp showing the name and registered office of the Sports Society, with spaces for the filing/reference number and date.

The Sports Society has its own emblem, sign, flag, colours and other symbols.

The emblem of the Sports Society is the Greek mythological god Ares.

The symbols of the Sports Society and the manner of their use are regulated in more detail by a special act adopted by the Managing Board.

4. Membership in other associations, societies and federations

Article 5

The Sports Society is not currently a member of any sports federation (hereinafter: Federation). If required, it may become a member of sports federations within the scope of its activities and, where appropriate, of an Extreme Sports Federation.

Through branch sports federations, the Sports Society may be an indirect member of the Sports Federation of Serbia.

A Federation may take temporary measures in relation to the bodies of the Sports Society only in the form of a temporary suspension of the Sports Society within that Federation. Such temporary measures may not suspend powers of the Assembly that do not concern the Federation. Temporary measures cease when the Assembly adopts the appropriate decisions.

The Sports Society may join appropriate associations and federations in the field of sport where this is relevant to the achievement of its objectives.

The Sports Society may join the competent territorial sports federation, branch sports federation and similar organisations.

In pursuing its objectives and tasks and carrying out sports activities and operations, the Sports Society independently regulates its internal organisation and work, adopts and implements sports development programmes, participates in and organises sports competitions, and pursues other objectives and tasks in accordance with the general acts of the sports federations of which it is a member.

5. Representation

Article 6

The Sports Society is represented by the Director of the Sports Society, who is also its legal representative.

By decision of the Managing Board, other persons may also be granted rights and obligations of representation, either generally within the Society or within expressly delegated powers; for example, a particular sports section may have its own president, secretary, treasurer or similar office-holders.

6. Prohibition of discrimination

Article 7

Any direct or indirect discrimination against persons within the competence of the Sports Society on the basis of a personal characteristic, status, orientation or belief is prohibited, in accordance with the law.

Provisions of general acts of the Sports Society that establish or create discrimination are not applied, and individual acts that discriminate are null and void.

Violations of human and civil rights and freedoms are not permitted within the Sports Society.

The Sports Society is neutral in political and religious matters.

7. Day of the Sports Society

Article 8

The Sports Society was founded on 19 September 2009 in the hall of the Sokol Home in Arilje. That date is observed as the Day of the Sports Society.

II. OBJECTIVES AND CONTENT OF THE CLUB'S ACTIVITIES

1. Objectives

Article 9

The objectives of the Sports Society are to:

- contribute, through its activities, to creating conditions for the development and promotion of safety in “extreme sports” as well as in competitive branch sports falling within the Society’s scope;
- pursue objectives in the fields of sport and tourism, including sports-recreational tourism and the promotion of the tourism offer through indoor and outdoor sports activities in Serbia and abroad;
- create conditions for the development and improvement of top-level sporting results in all sports activities within the Society’s scope, at all competition levels in Serbia and abroad;
- promote the educational and formative role of sport, fair play, understanding, tolerance and responsibility through sport;
- carry out sports activities and operations in accordance with the Sports Act, the sports rules of the relevant Federation and this Statute;
- represent the sporting interests of members of the Sports Society;
- provide professional assistance to members in improving their work;
- organise continuing improvement and innovation of the knowledge of personnel within the Sports Society, especially managers and professional staff;
- strengthen sporting ethics and sporting spirit among its members;
- participate in the construction, maintenance and management of sports facilities required by the Sports Society;
- publish materials relating to sports and other activities of the Sports Society;
- carry out other activities aimed at developing the extreme sports referred to in Article 1 and sport generally, including assisting members in obtaining equipment and similar support.

2. Content of activities

Article 10

The Sports Society pursues its objectives through:

- 1) creating conditions for the development of the sports within the scope defined in Article 1, in the local self-government unit and in the Republic of Serbia;
- 2) organising sports events and competitions through official sports activities of the competent sports authorities, through tourism-related activities and through cooperation with other stakeholders in the Republic of Serbia and abroad;
- 3) participating in national and international sports competitions and other sports events;
- 4) constructing and maintaining sports facilities;
- 5) continuous professional education and advanced training of sports professionals and experts engaged by the Sports Society;
- 6) encouraging the work of its members by granting awards and recognitions for outstanding sports results and for contributions to the development and advancement of sports within the Society’s scope;
- 7) participating in the Federation and other associations of which it is a member and cooperating with other sports organisations in the Republic of Serbia;

- 8) representing the common interests of its members before public authorities and cooperating with local and national public authorities;
- 9) publishing its own publications;
- 10) developing international sports cooperation and enhancing the international reputation of Serbian sport;
- 11) promoting safety in extreme sports through the media, educational institutions and other organisations;
- 12) taking measures to prevent negative phenomena in the organisation and staging of sports events and strengthening the educational role of sport;
- 13) protecting athletes' health;
- 14) encouraging safe participation in extreme sports among all segments of the population;
- 15) strengthening sportsmanship and sporting spirit among its members and establishing rules of conduct in their mutual relations;
- 16) cooperating with companies, institutions and other legal and natural persons relevant to achieving the Society's objectives;
- 17) keeping records relevant to the work and history of the Sports Society;
- 18) carrying out other activities and measures contributing to the achievement of the Society's objectives and to the status prescribed by law and the sports rules of the Federation.

The achievement of these objectives is regulated in more detail by appropriate general acts adopted by the competent bodies of the Sports Society and its sections, provided that they comply with this Statute.

For the purpose of carrying out the activities referred to above, the Sports Society may establish branches, companies, institutions or other legally recognised organisational forms in Serbia or abroad, independently or together with other legal or natural persons.

The source Statute lists the following possible activity codes for future needs or projects, if required:

- 93.11 – Operation of sports facilities;
- 93.12 – Activities of sports clubs;
- 93.13 – Activities of fitness facilities/clubs;
- 93.19 – Other sports activities;
- 93.2 – Other amusement and recreation activities;
- 93.21 – Activities of amusement and theme parks;
- 93.29 – Other amusement and recreation activities;
- 49.39 – Operation of cableways, funiculars and ski lifts;
- 55.10 – Hotels and similar accommodation;
- 55.20 – Short-stay accommodation in mountain lodges, cabins and hostels;
- 55.30 – Provision of space and facilities for short-term stay in recreational parks and camps, including caravan sites, hunting/fishing camps, campsites and camp gyms;
- 55.90 – Other accommodation;
- 77.21 – Rental of sports equipment;
- 88.51 – Activities of sports schools and schools for games;
- 88.51 – Activities of sports instructors, teachers and coaches;
- 93.11 and 93.12 – Organisation and management of sports events by sports clubs, indoors and outdoors, for professionals and amateurs.

The source Statute expressly notes that these additional activities are not mandatory and are intended only for possible future projects or where a public authority requires such a definition. The Managing Board does not require renewed authorisation from the Assembly to establish a branch.

3. Performance of sports activities and sports operations

Article 11

In performing sports activities and sports operations, the Sports Society particularly promotes the spirit of Olympism, fair play, educational and professional work in sport, volunteer work in sport, the fight against match-fixing, and the prevention of violence and doping in sport.

The Sports Society pursues its objectives and performs sports activities and operations in accordance with the law, the sports rules of the relevant Federation, its general acts, ratified conventions in the field of sport and principles contained in documents of international organisations of which the Republic of Serbia is a member, with particular attention to safety recommendations for extreme sports.

The bodies of the Sports Society must ensure that participation in sports activities within the Society is humane, free and voluntary, healthy and safe, environmentally and socially responsible, fair, tolerant, ethically acceptable, free from abuse and objectives contrary to the sporting spirit, and available to all citizens under equal conditions regardless of age, physical ability, disability, sex or other personal characteristic.

Relations with athletes and sports professionals are established in accordance with the Sports Act and the rules of the relevant Federation.

The territorial scope of activity of the Sports Society is the territory of the Republic of Serbia.

The Assembly authorises the Managing Board, where necessary, to establish and register individual sports with the Serbian Business Registers Agency.

For the purposes of this Statute, the Society regards the sports listed in Article 11-b as extreme sports according to the international classification referred to in the source document.

Article 11-b – Source list of sports treated as extreme sports

The source Statute states that there is no single precise definition of extreme sports and lists the following traditional sports as internationally recognised as extreme in certain forms or conditions:

1) Olympic sports:

- (4) Cycling, especially “DownHill”;
- (13) Kayak/canoe, especially white-water kayaking;
- (25) Sledding sports, especially sledding on unprepared tracks;
- (27) Skiing, especially “Free Ride” disciplines or skiing on unprepared slopes;
- (28) Diving/jumping into water, especially freestyle forms;
- (30) Shooting, particularly activities on enclosed playing fields of the “AirSoft” or “Paintball” type;
- (31) Archery/shooting-type activities on enclosed playing fields of the “AirSoft” or “Paintball” type, as stated in the source;
- (34) Triathlon, especially where it combines sports with elements of “X” sports;
- (42) Sport climbing, especially “Free climbing”, including climbing on natural rock with or without protection, and climbing over water on an artificial wall without protection.

4) Non-Olympic sports (SportAccord classification as stated in the source):

- (11) Air sports – paragliding is classified in the source as an extreme sport;
- (30) Orienteering, especially underwater or in very turbid water with restricted visibility;
- (33) Darts, classified in the source as an extreme sport;
- (34) Underwater sports – underwater sports at depths greater than 30 metres are classified in the source as extreme;
- (44) Ski mountaineering;
- (45) Water skiing, especially where obstacles or jumps are involved;
- (52) Sport climbing, particularly on unprepared natural rock;
- (32) Mountaineering – mountaineering tending toward alpinism;
- (54) Surfing.

5) Other non-Olympic sports:

- (3) Extreme sports – the source notes that there is no precise single definition or field of activity;
- (11) Rafting – rafting on rivers graded 3+ or higher is treated as extreme;
- (14) Sport speleology – treated in the source as an extreme sport in full.

4. Athletes

Article 12

An athlete may engage in sports activity within the Sports Society as an amateur, either recreationally or competitively, or professionally as a competitor.

A professional athlete is a person for whom sport in the Sports Society is the sole or principal occupation.

The Sports Society must provide safe conditions for participation in sport and engage qualified sports professionals for professional work, planning and record-keeping.

Only athletes whose medical fitness has been established in accordance with the Sports Act may represent the Sports Society in competitions.

The rights, obligations and responsibilities of amateur athletes are regulated by law, the sports rules of the Federation and the general acts of the Sports Society. Where an amateur competitive athlete receives financial compensation, these matters are also regulated by a contract between the athlete and the Sports Society concluded in accordance with the Sports Act.

The rights, obligations and responsibilities of professional athletes are regulated by law, the sports rules of the Federation, collective agreements, the Sports Society's employment rules where applicable, and the employment contract between the athlete and the Sports Society.

The bodies of the Sports Society and athletes who are members of or engaged by the Society must comply with the rights and obligations established by the above acts.

Before a contract is concluded, the Director must inform the athlete of the relevant rights, obligations and responsibilities.

A contract between an athlete and the Sports Society must be in writing and registered with the Federation.

If a contract is found null and void, annulled, terminated by agreement or terminated because of non-performance, the Director must notify the Federation without delay.

The Sports Society must insure its top-level athletes against accidents occurring during sports activities, based on the established ranking of athletes and in accordance with the law.

5. Sports competitions

Article 13

The Sports Society may act as organiser, patron/sponsor or participant in sports competitions in Serbia and abroad that are relevant to its objectives.

The Sports Society participates in domestic and international competitions in accordance with the Sports Act and the rules of the relevant national and international sports federations.

When organising sports events, the Sports Society must ensure that they are held smoothly and safely and must take all measures prescribed by law and by the rules of the Sports Society and the Federation.

Only persons who meet the legal and Federation requirements may represent the Sports Society in competition.

The Director shall ensure that all athletes and officials are properly registered or licensed for the Sports Society and that the Sports Society itself obtains any required seasonal licence in due time.

III. MEMBERSHIP IN THE CLUB

Article 14

Members of the Sports Society are equal in rights, obligations and responsibilities in accordance with this Statute.

Membership may not be transferred or inherited.

Any person may become a member under the same conditions prescribed by this Statute.

A natural person may be a member regardless of age, except for sports which by law may only be practised by adults, such as parachuting or paragliding, and always subject to the law and this Statute.

Foreign nationals may also become members.

For a minor who has not reached 17 years of age, the declaration of accession/membership must be accompanied by prior written consent of a parent or guardian.

Article 15

Members are the founders and persons who subsequently join the Sports Society in accordance with this Statute.

The Sports Society has the following categories of members:

- 1) regular members;
- 2) associate members;
- 3) honorary members.

All members of sports sections of the Sports Society are at the same time associate members.

1. Conditions for membership

Article 16

Regular members may include:

- adult athletes engaged by the Sports Society as competitors and registered for the Sports Society in accordance with the rules of the relevant branch Federation;
- sports professionals and sports experts engaged by the Sports Society;
- employees of the Sports Society;
- natural persons who, through continuous activity and engagement, contribute to achieving the Society's objectives by participating in activities and working in its bodies and working groups;
- athletes and sports professionals previously engaged by the Sports Society who continue actively and continuously to contribute to its objectives.

Persons in the above categories who become engaged by contract, registration, employment or appointment/election to a body or working group automatically acquire regular membership on the date they acquire the relevant status.

Associate members may include recreational athletes of all ages; minor competitive athletes engaged by the Sports Society; associations or clubs of friends and supporters; sponsors and donors; and other natural or legal persons contributing to the Society's objectives, such as supporters, athletes' parents and former athletes.

A person whose mandate in a body or working group ends automatically acquires the status of associate member, unless another basis for regular membership exists.

Honorary membership may be granted by decision of the Assembly to a domestic or foreign person who has special merit in the work of the Sports Society or whose membership is of special interest to achieving its objectives.

Where membership is not acquired automatically, an applicant must sign an accession form accepting this Statute, the general acts of the Sports Society and the applicable acts of competent national sports federations, as well as the jurisdiction of the permanent sports arbitration body in cases provided by this Statute. Legal persons must also be duly registered and have existed for at least one year.

Athletes and sports professionals must also meet any special conditions prescribed by the sports rules of the relevant Federation.

2. Admission procedure

Article 17

Where membership is not acquired automatically, a written application is submitted to the Managing Board on the form prescribed by the Managing Board.

The Managing Board decides on admission within one month of receipt of a complete application.

An application may be refused only if the applicant does not meet the conditions of this Statute or if there are other specially justified reasons, including circumstances showing that admission would seriously harm the interests or objectives of the Sports Society.

An applicant whose request is refused may appeal to the Assembly within 15 days of receiving the decision. The Assembly's decision is final.

If the application is accepted, the applicant must pay the enrolment fee and annual membership fee within 15 days of notice of admission, unless the admission decision provides otherwise. If payment is not made, the applicant is deemed to have withdrawn from membership. Membership rights begin on the date the enrolment fee and annual membership fee are paid.

Any member may propose that a particular person be appointed as an honorary member.

3. Rights and obligations of members

Article 18

A member has the right to:

- 1) raise and consider issues connected with achieving the objectives of the Sports Society;
- 2) use the assistance, support and services of the Sports Society to the extent that this does not prejudice the interests of other members;
- 3) inspect the work of the Sports Society and its bodies;
- 4) participate in the activities of the Sports Society;
- 5) receive information necessary for exercising membership rights;
- 6) participate in management and voting, if the member is a regular member and in accordance with this Statute;
- 7) through representatives in the bodies of the Sports Society, submit proposals, suggestions and opinions and request action by the Sports Society before competent sports and state authorities for protection of members' interests.

A member is obliged to:

- 1) cooperate with other members and respect sporting and ethical principles in mutual relations;
- 2) participate in activities, in the achievement of the Society's objectives and, where applicable, in the work of its bodies;
- 3) regularly settle financial obligations toward the Sports Society;
- 4) provide data and information requested by the Sports Society for tasks prescribed by law or this Statute;
- 5) fulfil obligations established by law, this Statute and other general acts of the Sports Society;
- 6) fully comply with all general acts of the Sports Society;
- 7) execute final decisions of the bodies of the Sports Society and of competent arbitration bodies;
- 8) protect the sporting spirit and reputation of the Sports Society and sport in general;
- 9) use the Society's equipment and resources only for their designated purpose;
- 10) comply with the sports rules of the Federation;
- 11) recognise the jurisdiction of permanent sports arbitration in the cases prescribed by this Statute.

Athletes and sports professionals under contract, as well as staff of the professional service, have additional rights, obligations and responsibilities in accordance with law, the general acts of the Sports Society and their contracts.

Members have a right of appeal against decisions of the bodies of the Sports Society concerning their rights and obligations, except where arbitration is competent under the Sports Act and this Statute.

The Managing Board regulates individual membership issues in more detail by a special act consistent with this Statute.

Article 19

A membership card is issued to each member and must contain at least the member's name or legal-entity name, date of admission and membership category.

The Managing Board regulates the content and appearance of the membership card in more detail.

4. Participation in work and decision-making

Article 20

A member participates in the work of the Sports Society, while a regular member also participates in decision-making in the Assembly in accordance with this Statute.

A person representing a legal-entity member must possess a written authorisation signed by the person authorised to represent that member and, where applicable, certified by the member's seal.

5. Register of members and other records

Article 21

The Sports Society keeps a register of its members (Membership Book) and other basic records in accordance with the Sports Act.

The Managing Board regulates the content and manner of keeping the Membership Book and other basic records.

The Sports Society is entered in the relevant central and other records in accordance with the Sports Act.

Decisions of the bodies of the Sports Society must be entered in the relevant decision book/register.

6. Termination of membership

Article 22

Membership terminates upon cessation of a legal person, death, withdrawal or expulsion.

Cessation of a legal-entity member is established on the basis of a decision of the competent state authority deleting the member from the relevant register. From the opening of liquidation or bankruptcy proceedings until final cessation, the member's rights and obligations in the Sports Society are suspended.

Withdrawal is made by a written statement, subject to a three-month notice period unless law or contract provides otherwise.

An athlete with a valid fixed-term contract may not unilaterally withdraw before expiry of the contract. Membership may then end only by mutual termination or by a written request with the consent of the Sports Society.

An athlete without such a contract may withdraw subject to a notice period ending no later than the beginning of the first transfer period determined by the Federation.

The Director records the termination of membership on one of the grounds from paragraph 1.

Upon termination of membership, claims arising solely from the membership relationship cease, except claims of the Sports Society for outstanding financial obligations.

Termination of membership also terminates any mandate as a representative in bodies or working groups and the right to participate in activities organised by the Sports Society.

Article 23

A member may be expelled if the member:

- 1) through activities seriously harms the Sports Society, relations within the Sports Society or its reputation;
- 2) seriously acts contrary to the interests of the Sports Society or decisions of its bodies;
- 3) seriously or repeatedly violates this Statute or other general acts;
- 4) ceases to meet the conditions for membership.

Expulsion may also be imposed as a disciplinary sanction for the most serious disciplinary offences under the Disciplinary Rules.

In the cases referred to in points 1–3 above, the Managing Board must first warn the member of the circumstances that may lead to expulsion and allow a period of up to 30 days to remedy the omission or error.

The Managing Board decides on expulsion by a majority of all its members after giving the member an opportunity to respond to the allegations. The decision is communicated in writing and must contain reasons.

The member may appeal to the Assembly. The Assembly's decision is final. Until the Assembly makes a final decision, the member's rights are suspended.

If a member fails to pay the membership fee by the deadline set by the Managing Board and does not settle the debt within an additional one-month period, membership ends automatically at the expiry of that period without a separate expulsion decision.

7. Disciplinary responsibility

Article 24

Persons within the competence of the Sports Society who culpably act contrary to this Statute, other general acts, decisions of competent bodies or authorised persons of the Sports Society or Federation, or who damage the reputation of the Sports Society, may be held disciplinarily responsible and sanctioned by:

- 1) warning;
- 2) reprimand;
- 3) suspension;
- 4) prohibition from performing duties in the Sports Society;
- 5) monetary fine;
- 6) expulsion from the Sports Society.

The Managing Board regulates disciplinary measures, disciplinary offences and disciplinary procedure in more detail, in accordance with this Statute.

Article 25

No member may be disciplined or otherwise suffer negative consequences for exercising rights established by law, the general acts of the Sports Society or the general acts of the Federation.

IV. GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Article 26

The Sports Society is governed by its members in the manner and under the conditions prescribed by this Statute.

Members exercise governance directly or through their elected representatives in the bodies of the Sports Society.

Article 27

The bodies of the Sports Society are:

- 1) the Assembly;
- 2) the Managing Board;
- 3) the Supervisory Board;
- 4) the Director of the Sports Society.

The term of office of members of the bodies is four years unless this Statute provides otherwise.

If the term of office of a body has expired and a new body has not yet been elected, the previously elected body continues to perform its duties until the newly elected body assumes office.

Persons finally convicted of criminal offences against the economy, property or official duty, as well as the serious offences listed in the source Statute, including serious murder, aggravated theft, robbery, embezzlement, fraud, extortion, blackmail, usury and offences connected with violence or improper conduct at sports events, may not act as liquidators or perform functions in the bodies of the Sports Society while the legal consequences of the conviction remain in force.

A member of a body of the Sports Society may only be a person who is a member of the Sports Society, is at least 18 years old and is not a member of a body of, or actively engaged in, a competing sports organisation.

If a person ceases to meet the statutory conditions due to a final judgment, membership in the body or the office held terminates on the date the judgment becomes final.

Article 28

Minutes must be kept at meetings of the bodies of the Sports Society and permanently retained in the Society's archive. The minutes must contain at least: the name of the body, date and place of the meeting, opening and closing time, names of persons present and absent, agenda, exact wording of decisions, and signatures of the chair and minute-taker.

Article 29

Members of the bodies of the Sports Society are jointly and severally liable for damage caused to the Sports Society by a decision made intentionally or with gross negligence. Members who voted against the harmful decision or abstained from voting are not liable for such damage.

Proceedings for compensation may be initiated on the basis of a decision of a competent body or at the request of at least 10 members of the Sports Society. These rules apply correspondingly to decisions of the Director.

A member of a body has no right to vote when the body decides on:

- 1) initiating or abandoning proceedings against that member;
- 2) approving transactions between that member and the Sports Society where a conflict of interest or personal interest exists;
- 3) that member's responsibility or dismissal;
- 4) property matters connected with the member's spouse, a relative up to the second degree in the direct line, or a legal person over which the member exercises control or has an economic interest.

1. Assembly

1.1 Composition, election and term of office

Article 30

The Assembly is the highest body of the Sports Society.

The Assembly consists of all regular members of the Sports Society, each with an equal right to vote.

Article 31

Members of the Assembly must comply at meetings with the law, the sports rules of competent national federations, this Statute and other general acts of the Sports Society, and must behave in a manner consistent with the reputation of the Sports Society.

Associate and honorary members, as well as representatives of other organisations and state authorities, may participate in the work of the Assembly upon invitation of the President of the Sports Society.

Article 32

The mandate of an Assembly member ends by death, resignation, dismissal, a prohibition on holding a sports function imposed by a competent state authority or Federation, or in the case referred to in Article 27 of this Statute.

The President of the Sports Society records termination of Assembly membership due to death or resignation.

A resignation is submitted to the President of the Sports Society, who records termination of the mandate and, where applicable, convenes the body that elected that member in order to elect a replacement.

1.2 Regular Assembly

Article 33

A regular session of the Assembly is convened at least once a year, no later than March.

Minutes are kept of the Assembly session and signed by the Director of the Sports Society and the minute-taker.

At the beginning of the session, the Director determines whether a quorum exists and whether the Assembly was convened in accordance with this Statute and the Rules of Procedure of the Assembly.

Minutes of the course of the session are signed by the chair and minute-taker and adopted at the next Assembly session.

Convening and operation of the Assembly are regulated in more detail by the Rules of Procedure.

1.3 Extraordinary Assembly

Article 34

The Director may convene an extraordinary session of the Assembly at any time if the interests of the Sports Society so require.

The Director must convene an extraordinary session if a written request stating the purpose, reasons and proposed agenda is submitted by the Managing Board, Supervisory Board, Director or one third of the members of the Assembly. The Assembly must be convened within 30 days of a complete request.

If the Director does not convene the extraordinary session, it may be convened by the body or members who requested it. No more than 90 days may pass between submission of a valid request and the extraordinary session.

The invitation and proposed agenda must be sent to members of the Assembly no later than seven days before the session.

Only matters stated in the request may be included on the agenda, unless the Assembly decides otherwise by a majority of all members.

If a proposal concerning confidence in or dismissal of a body is rejected at an extraordinary Assembly, another extraordinary Assembly may not be requested on the same grounds for one year.

The provisions applicable to the regular Assembly and the Assembly's Rules of Procedure apply correspondingly to an extraordinary Assembly.

The extraordinary Assembly has the same powers as the regular Assembly.

1.4 Powers of the Assembly

Article 35

The Assembly:

1) considers, adopts and approves:

- a) the Statute, amendments to the Statute and authentic interpretations of the Statute;
- b) annual reports on the work of the Sports Society and its bodies;
- c) financial reports;
- d) long-term programmes and plans for work and development, guidelines for implementation and reports on implementation;
- e) a decision on termination of the Sports Society;
- f) decisions on status changes and changes of legal form;

- g) a code of conduct for members;
- h) decisions on joining federations;
- i) appeals against decisions of the Managing Board, unless arbitration is competent under this Statute;
- j) other decisions expressly placed within the competence of the Assembly by this Statute.

2) elects and dismisses:

- a) the Director of the Sports Society;
- b) members of the Managing Board;
- c) members of the Supervisory Board.

For particular tasks the Assembly may establish permanent or temporary working bodies, such as boards and commissions. The decision establishing a working body defines its scope and composition.

Where necessary and where not contrary to the Sports Act, the acts of the Federation or the Sports Society, the Assembly may delegate individual tasks within its competence to the Managing Board.

1.5 Decision-making of the Assembly

Article 36

The Assembly may work and decide if a majority of its members are present. Decisions are adopted by a majority of the members present unless the law or this Statute provides otherwise.

If, in the first round of voting for a president or members of a body, the required number is not elected, a second round is held for the candidates who did not receive enough votes. If the required number is still not elected, nominations are repeated.

A decision on an issue not stated in the agenda but arising during the session may be taken only if the Assembly agrees by a two-thirds majority of the members present.

Voting is normally public by show of hands, unless the Assembly decides by the majority required for valid work and decision-making that voting will be secret.

Members normally vote “for”, “against” or “abstained”.

2. Managing Board

2.1 Composition

Article 37

The Managing Board has between three and five members.

The Director of the Sports Society is, by virtue of office, a member and the President of the Managing Board and participates in its work with voting rights.

Other members of the Managing Board are elected and dismissed by the Assembly, on the proposal of the Director, for a four-year term. The same person may be re-elected.

The mandate of a member ends by death, resignation, dismissal, a statutory prohibition on performing a sports function, or the circumstances referred to in Article 27.

The Director records the existence of grounds for termination of membership of the Managing Board.

If the mandate of more than one third of the members ends prematurely, an extraordinary Assembly must be convened without delay.

The Assembly may dismiss a Managing Board member before expiry of the term and elect another person. The replacement serves for the remainder of the term of the previously elected members.

Between two sessions of the Assembly, the Director may temporarily replace an individual Managing Board member who is not performing or is unable to perform duties, with the final decision to be taken by the next Assembly. The wording and numerical limit are reproduced in substance from the source Statute.

2.2 Powers of the Managing Board

Article 38

The Managing Board:

- 1) establishes the draft Statute;
- 2) proposes financial reports to the Assembly;
- 3) considers submitted annual reports on the work of the Sports Society and its bodies;
- 4) adopts the financial plan;
- 5) adopts general acts necessary for achieving the Society's objectives where those acts are not expressly within the competence of the Assembly;
- 6) establishes proposals for decisions on status changes;
- 7) ensures implementation of work and development programmes and plans adopted by the Assembly;
- 8) manages the property of the Sports Society;
- 9) determines enrolment and membership fees according to membership category;
- 10) appoints and dismisses vice-presidents of the Managing Board on the proposal of the President of the Sports Society;
- 11) regulates in more detail the exercise of members' rights and obligations;
- 12) executes decisions and conclusions of the Assembly;
- 13) ensures the provision of funds for the work of the Sports Society;
- 14) prepares proposals for general acts and decisions within the competence of the Assembly;
- 15) appoints representatives of the Sports Society in other organisations;
- 16) determines awards and recognitions for organisations and individuals and decides on their granting;
- 17) decides on establishment of branches/sections or subsidiaries, their place of operation and their representative;
- 18) approves legal transactions in cases of conflict of interest;
- 19) decides on initiating or abandoning legal proceedings;
- 20) defines the short-term work and development strategy of the Sports Society;
- 21) adopts plans and programmes of professional work, determines implementation measures and considers reports on professional work and results of all selections/teams;
- 22) decides on engagement of sports professionals and experts and on the manner and conditions of their engagement;
- 23) decides on conclusion of an employment contract with the Director;
- 24) decides on participation of the Sports Society in sports events in Serbia and abroad;
- 25) decides on season tickets and privileged or free passes;
- 26) decides on establishment and dissolution of companies in which the Sports Society has shares or ownership interests and on acquiring, pledging or disposing of such shares/interests;
- 27) determines the rights of amateur athletes who carry out sports activities as members of the Sports Society;
- 28) considers and adopts periodic reports of the Director;
- 29) appoints and dismisses coaches and other sports professionals;
- 30) decides on appeals against decisions of the Director, appointed persons and working bodies;
- 31) determines salaries of permanently employed staff of the club;
- 32) gives consent to the Rulebook on the organisation/systematisation of jobs;
- 33) adopts the professional-work plan for sports activities and the plan for professional training and development of sports professionals, and determines the manner of keeping professional-work records;
- 34) decides with which athletes and coaches the Sports Society will conclude contracts, determines contract content including fees, duration, termination conditions and mutual obligations, and decides on amendment, supplement and termination of contracts;
- 35) decides on ticket prices for sports events organised by the Sports Society and other charges collected by it;

- 36) decides on consensual early termination of contracts with athletes, issuance of a transfer/release document and the amount of compensation for early termination;
- 37) decides on the name under which the club will compete in a competition season;
- 38) appoints and dismisses the Sports Director, on the proposal of the President of the Sports Society, in accordance with this Statute;
- 39) performs all other activities connected with achieving the objectives of the Sports Society which fall within its competence under this Statute or are not expressly assigned to another body;
- 40) decides on establishment of a company in the field of sport in accordance with Article 72(2) of the Sports Act.

Article 39

The Managing Board has a Secretariat as its permanent operational working body, consisting of the President of the Sports Society and the vice-presidents of the Sports Society.

Between two meetings of the Managing Board, the Secretariat resolves urgent matters within the competence of the Managing Board. The Managing Board is informed at its next meeting and may amend the decisions taken.

The Director of the Sports Society participates in the work of the Secretariat.

Article 40

For particular tasks within its competence, the Managing Board may establish commissions, councils and working groups, appoint advisers and engage experts in particular fields. The establishing or appointment decision defines their scope of work and composition.

The Managing Board establishes the Disciplinary Commission as a permanent working body of the Sports Society.

The work of the Managing Board and its working bodies is regulated in more detail by Rules of Procedure adopted by the Managing Board.

2.3 Meetings of the Managing Board

Article 41

The Managing Board meets and decides at sessions convened by the President of the Sports Society and, if the President is prevented, by the oldest vice-president.

Meetings are held as required and, as a rule, at least four times a year.

The Managing Board may decide when more than half of all members are present. If there is no quorum, the President shall in urgent cases convene a new meeting without delay with the same agenda. The repeated meeting must be held no later than one week later and may decide by a majority of the members present, as stated in the source Statute.

The Managing Board decides by a simple majority of members present unless this Statute provides otherwise. In the event of a tie, the President's vote is decisive.

A decision to dispose of real property of the Sports Society is valid only with the consent of the Assembly.

Members of the Managing Board must protect the interests of the Sports Society as a whole. The President assigns specific responsibilities to each member.

The Assembly may annul or suspend execution of an act or decision of the Managing Board or another body if it finds that it was not adopted in accordance with law, Federation rules, the general acts of the Sports Society or the established policy of the Sports Society.

3. Supervisory Board

Article 42

The Supervisory Board is the supervisory body of the Sports Society and controls financial operations and the annual final account.

The Supervisory Board has five members elected for four years and elects its President from among its members.

The Supervisory Board must report to the Assembly on matters within its competence when the annual work report is adopted.

It informs the Managing Board and the Director of the results of its supervision.

Article 43

The Supervisory Board adopts decisions by a majority of all its members.

Members of the Supervisory Board may be re-elected for only one additional term.

The work of the Supervisory Board is regulated by its Rules of Procedure.

Article 44

The Managing Board may appoint an auditor with supervisory powers determined in accordance with accounting and audit regulations.

4. Director of the Sports Society

Article 45

The Director is elected by the Assembly for a period of four years, with the possibility of re-election, from among distinguished athletes, sports professionals and persons active in sports administration.

The Director is accountable to the Assembly for his or her work.

By virtue of office, the Director is the President/chair of the Assembly and the President of the Managing Board of the Sports Society.

Article 46

The Director's function ends before expiry of the term by resignation, dismissal or in the circumstances referred to in Article 27 of this Statute.

The Director may submit a resignation to the Assembly and must convene an Assembly session within no more than 30 days after submitting the resignation.

At its first following session, the Assembly considers the resignation and, if it accepts it, elects a new Director.

The resigning Director continues to exercise all rights and duties until the Assembly session at which the resignation is decided.

A reasoned proposal for dismissal may be submitted by at least 10 members of the Assembly. The Assembly decides on recall by a majority of all its members.

If the Assembly accepts the proposal and recalls the Director, election of a new Director follows.

If the Director's mandate ends before expiry of the term, the mandates of all Managing Board members end on the date of the first Assembly session at which a new President/Director is elected, in accordance with this Statute.

Article 47

The Director performs the following duties:

- 1) represents the Sports Society in Serbia and abroad;
- 2) convenes and chairs meetings of the Assembly and the Managing Board;
- 3) ensures execution of programmes, plans, decisions and conclusions of the Assembly and Managing Board;
- 4) monitors execution of decisions and conclusions of the Assembly and Managing Board;
- 5) signs acts within the competence of the Assembly and Managing Board;
- 6) submits to the Assembly an annual report on the work of the Sports Society, including the Director's work and the work of the Managing Board;
- 7) prepares meetings of the Assembly and Managing Board;

- 8) proposes to the Assembly the election and dismissal of members of the Managing Board;
- 9) proposes to the Assembly the election and dismissal of members of the Supervisory Board;
- 10) proposes to the Managing Board the election and dismissal of vice-presidents of the Sports Society;
- 11) as stated in the source Statute, proposes to the Assembly the appointment and dismissal of the Director of the Sports Society;
- 12) determines proposals for general acts and decisions adopted by the Managing Board;
- 13) performs other duties prescribed by this Statute and the general acts of the Sports Society;
- 14) is responsible for the legality of the work of the Sports Society;
- 15) acts as financial authorising officer for implementation of the financial plan;
- 16) decides on individual rights, obligations and responsibilities of employees, concludes employment contracts and exercises the powers of an employer/director toward employees and engaged persons in accordance with labour law;
- 17) proposes the basic business policy;
- 18) adopts the act on organisation and systematisation of jobs with the consent of the Managing Board;
- 19) proposes the financial plan and business plans/programmes and ensures their implementation;
- 20) proposes to the Managing Board decisions within its competence, except those which another body or person is expressly authorised to propose;
- 21) decides on use of the property of the Sports Society unless this Statute provides otherwise;
- 22) organises and manages the activities and operations of the Sports Society;
- 23) ensures preparation of meetings of the Society's bodies and execution of their decisions and acts;
- 24) ensures proper keeping of prescribed records and business books;
- 25) ensures keeping of minutes of meetings of the Society's bodies;
- 26) approves official travel;
- 27) participates in the work of bodies of the Sports Society without voting rights where so applicable;
- 28) submits annual reports on his or her work to the Assembly and Managing Board;
- 29) monitors the business of legal entities in which the Sports Society has shares or ownership interests, represents the Sports Society in their assemblies and other bodies, and reports to the Managing Board on their business;
- 30) at least once every three months informs the Managing Board about the financial condition of the Sports Society and proposes measures for implementation of the financial plan;
- 31) proposes ticket prices and other charges collected by the Sports Society;
- 32) performs other tasks in accordance with this Statute and the general acts of the Sports Society.

If the Director is prevented from acting or absent for a longer period, the Director is replaced by a deputy designated by the Director or, if this is not possible, by the oldest vice-president. The Director may delegate part of his or her powers and duties to a deputy or another person from the Assembly, as stated in the source Statute.

Article 48

The Director may perform the function professionally, on the basis of a contract, or on a voluntary basis for the duration of the mandate.

The Director is independent in carrying out duties within the scope of office and is accountable to the Assembly and the President of the Sports Society, as stated in the source Statute.

This Article states that the Director is appointed for a period of five years, with the possibility of reappointment. This wording is reproduced from the source Statute, notwithstanding the four-year term stated elsewhere in the document.

The Director may transfer certain duties to other managerial persons with the consent of the President of the Sports Society.

A candidate for Director must, in addition to general employment requirements, have at least a post-secondary/higher-school qualification, organisational abilities and experience in social-sports activities.

If the Director is absent or prevented, the Managing Board may designate a replacement.

Article 49

The Director must inform the bodies of the Sports Society about the activities and operations of the Sports Society and its financial business.

If a body of the Sports Society or at least 10 members request such information and state their reasons, the Director must provide it no later than 15 days from the date of the request.

6. Disciplinary Commission

Article 50

The Disciplinary Commission is an independent working body of the Sports Society which decides on offences prescribed by the Disciplinary Rules and other general acts of the Sports Society committed by persons within the competence of the Sports Society.

Article 51

The Disciplinary Commission consists of a President and two members appointed and dismissed by the Managing Board for a four-year term by a majority of all members of the Managing Board.

Article 52

The Disciplinary Commission decides exclusively on the basis of the Disciplinary Rules and other general acts of the Sports Society.

It adopts decisions by a majority of all members. A disciplinary decision must be in writing and contain reasons.

An appeal against a decision of the Disciplinary Commission may be submitted to the Managing Board within 15 days from delivery of the decision.

As a rule, disciplinary proceedings are not public.

The organisation and work of the Disciplinary Commission are regulated in more detail by the Disciplinary Rules of the Sports Society.

Disciplinary proceedings are initiated on the basis of a disciplinary complaint that may be submitted by members and bodies of the Sports Society and the Federation.

Article 53

Disciplinary sanctions may be imposed on a member in accordance with law, this Statute and the general acts of the Sports Society, provided that no sanction may be imposed for conduct for which the member is not culpable or which, before it was committed, was not defined as a disciplinary offence with a prescribed sanction, unless the law provides otherwise.

In disciplinary proceedings a member has the right to proceedings without undue delay and with the lowest reasonable costs; to an independent, competent and impartial decision-making body; to defence counsel at personal expense; to state a defence and present evidence; to a written reasoned decision; and to an appeal.

8. Conflict of interest and prohibition of competition

Article 54

The Director and members of bodies of the Sports Society must act conscientiously, carefully and responsibly toward the Sports Society in accordance with law and the Society's general acts.

Persons with a personal interest may not use the Sports Society for personal enrichment or personal needs.

The President and members of the bodies, the Director and employees may not directly or indirectly be engaged in a competing sports organisation.

A conflict of interest exists where a member of a body, the Director, or a member of their family (including a spouse, direct-line relative, collateral relative up to the second degree, adopter/adoptee or in-law up to the first degree) is:

- 1) a party to a legal transaction with the Sports Society;
- 2) an owner of or otherwise in a business relationship with a person involved in a transaction with the Sports Society, or has a financial interest that could reasonably be expected to influence the person's conduct contrary to the interests of the Sports Society;
- 3) under the controlling influence of a party to the transaction or of a person with a financial interest, where that influence could reasonably be expected to affect conduct contrary to the interests of the Sports Society.

A contract between the Director and the Sports Society may be concluded with the approval of the Managing Board. The contract with the Director is signed by the President of the Sports Society.

Violation of the conflict-of-interest and non-competition rules gives the Sports Society the right to compensation for damage and the right to treat transactions carried out by the person for his or her own account as transactions carried out for the account of the Sports Society.

In the event of a conflict of interest between the Sports Society and the Director, the Sports Society is represented by the President of the Sports Society.

V. FORMS OF ORGANISATION AND WORK

Article 55

Forms of organisation and work within the Sports Society include councils, commissions, boards, sections, offices, specialised services and similar organisational units.

The scope, competences, mandate, composition and working methods of individual organisational units and forms of work are regulated by appropriate general acts and decisions adopted by the Managing Board.

VI. PROFESSIONAL WORK IN THE CLUB

Article 56

The Sports Society creates the basis for improving professional work within the Society and supervises such professional work.

Professional work may be performed only by persons possessing the appropriate sports qualification under the law and, where required, a work licence issued by the relevant Federation.

Sports professionals must undertake continuing professional development in accordance with law and the general acts of the Sports Society and Federation.

The Sports Society establishes legal relationships with sports professionals in accordance with the Sports Act and the sports rules of the Federation.

1. Sports Director

Article 57

The Managing Board may appoint a Sports Director for a four-year term. If no Sports Director is appointed, the Director of the Sports Society performs the duties of Sports Director.

The Managing Board determines the conditions for appointment of the Sports Director by a separate decision.

The Sports Director:

- organises, monitors and coordinates the overall professional work in the Sports Society;
- proposes to the Managing Board the engagement of sports professionals and the manner and conditions of their engagement;

- proposes to the Managing Board decisions concerning conclusion and termination of professional contracts, sports-development scholarship contracts and other agreements with athletes, and the conditions for their conclusion, amendment or termination;
 - proposes plans and programmes of professional work and ensures their implementation;
 - determines the allocation of duties and work tasks of all sports professionals in the Sports Society;
 - reports to the Managing Board and Assembly on professional work and results of all teams/selections.
- The Sports Director is accountable to the Managing Board.

2. Head Coach (Head of Professional Staff)

Article 58

The Head Coach is appointed and dismissed by the Managing Board.

Coaches of younger categories and all other sports professionals in the Sports Society must comply with and execute all instructions of the Head Coach that relate to the work and achievement of results of the first team.

The Head Coach:

- manages professional sports work within the Sports Society;
- establishes the work plan and programme for the first team;
- prepares the proposed annual competition plan for the first team;
- conducts first-team training;
- reports to the Managing Board on the contribution of first-team members and competitive success when distributing bonuses and awards;
- leads the first team at all competitions and is responsible for its sports results;
- performs the tasks of the Sports Director if no Sports Director has been appointed.

VII. PROFESSIONAL/ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE OF THE CLUB

Article 59

For professional, administrative and auxiliary tasks, the Sports Society has a Professional Service / Working Community.

The Managing Board may entrust individual tasks of the Professional Service to appropriate professional institutions, organisations or individuals.

The Professional Service performs tasks related to implementation of decisions, conclusions and other acts of the bodies of the Sports Society and to the organisation of work within the Sports Society; prepares analyses, reports and information; drafts general and other acts; organises activities and performs other tasks assigned by the Assembly, Managing Board or Director.

In performing its tasks, the Professional Service cooperates with the professional service of the relevant Federation.

The Director manages the activities of the Professional Service and regulates its internal organisation.

Persons engaged in the Professional Service are entitled to appropriate remuneration or salary and other income in accordance with the work they perform and the applicable employment relationship.

Article 60

The Professional Service keeps the Membership Book of the Sports Society, basic records of sports facilities, top-level athletes, sports professionals and sports results, and other records in accordance with regulations or special decisions of the bodies of the Sports Society.

Article 61

The rights, obligations and responsibilities arising from employment of persons employed by the Sports Society are exercised on the basis of applicable regulations, employment rules and other general acts of the Sports Society, and employment contracts.

Unless otherwise provided by law or by the general acts of the Sports Society, the Director decides on the employment-related rights, obligations and responsibilities of employees.

VIII. PROPERTY AND FUNDS

Article 62

The Sports Society obtains funds for achieving its objectives from:

- 1) enrolment fees;
- 2) membership fees;
- 3) income from its own activities;
- 4) sponsorships;
- 5) donations;
- 6) public revenues;
- 7) direct performance of commercial and other activities in accordance with law;
- 8) income of companies, institutions, agencies and other organisations established or co-established by the Sports Society;
- 9) organisation of games of chance, prize games and quizzes, where permitted by applicable regulations;
- 10) sale of tickets;
- 11) marketing activities;
- 12) economic/promotional activities;
- 13) rent;
- 14) capital investments;
- 15) interest and dividends;
- 16) production and sale of souvenirs;
- 17) sale of television rights;
- 18) other sources in accordance with law.

The Managing Board may fully or partially exempt particular membership categories or individual members from enrolment or membership fees.

Honorary members are exempt from enrolment and membership fees.

Article 63

Facilities and resources at the disposal of the Sports Society or acquired by it constitute its property.

The Sports Society is liable for its obligations with all of its property.

The property of the Sports Society may not be divided among its members.

Members may receive appropriate awards and reimbursement of justified expenses incurred in achieving the statutory objectives of the Sports Society, on the basis of a decision of the Managing Board, as well as compensation connected with fulfilment of contractual obligations.

The Managing Board decides on the amounts of individual payments referred to in this Article.

The Sports Society has a dinar account and, where necessary, a foreign-currency account and operates independently through its accounts.

Any profit realised during a financial year is used exclusively for achieving the statutory objectives of the Sports Society.

Article 64

The Sports Society keeps business books and submits financial reports in accordance with accounting and audit regulations applicable to companies.

Audit of the Sports Society's financial statements is performed in accordance with the applicable accounting and audit regulations.

Article 65

The Sports Society manages and uses facilities and resources at its disposal or provided to it for use in accordance with regulations and their designated purpose.

The intended use of a sports facility may be changed only exceptionally and under the conditions prescribed by the Sports Act.

The Sports Society may allow club members to use facilities and resources under conditions determined by a decision of the Managing Board.

Members of the Sports Society and members of its bodies are jointly and severally liable with the Sports Society for its obligations if they treat the Society's property as their own or misuse the Sports Society as a form for illegal or fraudulent purposes.

IX. PUBLICITY OF WORK

Article 66

The work of the Sports Society is public, in accordance with law and this Statute.

Publicity is ensured through public meetings of bodies and other gatherings, publication of information on their work and cooperation with the media and other means of public information.

The Sports Society may have its own publication and Internet website/page in accordance with a decision of the Managing Board.

The public is informed about the work of the Sports Society through its official website, whose editing is supervised by the Director, through press conferences and official statements. The bodies of the Sports Society decide on attendance of journalists at their meetings.

Article 67

The bodies and working bodies of the Sports Society may exclude or restrict the public from a meeting or gathering when documents or information of a confidential nature are considered.

The President and Director determine the degree of confidentiality of information by an appropriate written or oral warning and identify information considered to be a business secret.

All members and employees of the Sports Society have a duty to protect business and official secrets, including after termination of employment or membership.

The Managing Board may, where necessary, adopt a special act on business secrecy.

Article 68

Positions and views of the Sports Society and of its bodies may be publicly stated and represented only by authorised officials of the Sports Society.

X. GENERAL ACTS OF THE CLUB

Article 69

The general acts of the Sports Society are the Statute, rulebooks and decisions that regulate matters in a general manner.

General acts enter into force eight days after publication on the notice board of the Sports Society.

Article 70

Except in urgent cases, a proposal to amend the Statute must be delivered to members of the Assembly at least 15 days before the Assembly session.

Amendments to a proposed Statute or to proposed amendments to the Statute must be submitted to the Assembly in writing no later than three days before the session.

The Statute and amendments to it are adopted by a majority of the total number of Assembly members/delegates with voting rights, as stated in the source Statute.

The procedure for adoption and amendment of the Statute is regulated in more detail by the Rules of Procedure of the Assembly.

General acts adopted by the Managing Board are adopted by a majority of all Managing Board members.

Any member or body of the Sports Society may initiate the adoption, amendment or supplement of a general act.

Every member has the right to receive a copy of the Statute.

Article 71

The Statute and other general acts of the competent Federation, as sports rules within the meaning of the Sports Act, apply directly to all members of the Sports Society.

The Statute and other general acts of the Sports Society must comply with the Statute and general acts of the Federation; otherwise they are invalid to the extent of inconsistency.

Where a provision of the Statute or another general act of the Sports Society conflicts with a provision of the Statute or a general act of the Federation, the provision of the Federation applies directly.

Where another general act of the Sports Society conflicts with this Statute, this Statute prevails.

Article 72

Individual decisions adopted by the bodies and authorised persons of the Sports Society must comply with law, the sports rules of the Federation and the general acts of the Sports Society; otherwise they are null and void.

XI. RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES

Article 73

All disputes between the Sports Society and its members shall be resolved amicably in accordance with the Sports Act and this Statute.

Resolution of such disputes may be entrusted to ad hoc arbitration or to a permanent sports arbitration court attached to the relevant Federation or another competent national sports federation, including the Sports Federation of Serbia or the Olympic Committee of Serbia, where applicable.

The Sports Society and all its members are obliged to recognise the jurisdiction of the permanent sports arbitration body where such jurisdiction is established by the statute of the competent national sports federation.

The Sports Society and its members must refrain from initiating or conducting court proceedings in matters falling within the jurisdiction of the arbitration body referred to above.

Failure to execute an arbitration decision constitutes a serious disciplinary offence.

XII. STATUS CHANGES

Article 74

Decisions on status changes are adopted by the Assembly, in accordance with the Sports Act, on the proposal of the Managing Board, by a majority of all members of the Assembly.

XIII. ANTI-DOPING RULES

Article 75

Doping is contrary to the fundamental principles of sport and medical ethics and is prohibited both in and out of competition.

Doping means any activity defined as doping under the Law on Prevention of Doping in Sport of the Republic of Serbia.

All bodies and members of the Sports Society must comply with obligations under anti-doping legislation and the anti-doping rules of the relevant national and international sports federations.

Appropriate sanctions are imposed for violations of anti-doping rules in accordance with law and Federation sports rules.

XIV. TERMINATION OF THE SPORTS SOCIETY

Article 76

The Sports Society terminates its activities by a decision of the Assembly adopted by a two-thirds majority of all members of the Assembly.

The competent registration authority is notified of the decision for the purpose of deletion from the register.

In the event of termination, the property of the Sports Society passes to the relevant branch sports federation, as stated in the source Statute.

XV. TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 77

General acts of the Sports Society shall be adopted or harmonised with this Statute within three months from the date the Statute enters into force.

Until acts are adopted under this Statute, acts adopted under the previous Statute remain applicable unless they conflict with the Sports Act, this Statute or the sports rules of the Federation.

Article 78

Existing bodies and working bodies of the Sports Society continue to operate until expiry of the terms for which they were elected.

Article 79

Upon adoption of this Statute, the Statute of the Sports Society adopted on 6 October 2022 ceases to be valid.

Article 80

This Statute enters into force on the eighth day after publication on the notice board of the Sports Society.

CHAIR OF THE ASSEMBLY

Aleksandar Ćirković